What is claimed is:

1. A slurry, comprising a mixture of:

a surfactant; a chelating buffer system; an abrasive; an oxidizer; and a

- 3 corrosion inhibitor.
- 1 2. The slury of Claim 1, wherein the surfactant comprises
- 2 cetyltrimethylammonium bromide dissolved in the mixture.
- 1 3. The slurry of Claim 1, wherein the surfactant comprises
- 2 cetyltrimethylammonium cations and halogen anions.
- 1 4. The slurry of Claim 3, wherein the abrasive comprises silica, the corrosion
- inhibitor comprises benzotriazole, and the oxidizer comprises hydrogen peroxide
- 3 dissolved in the mixture.
- 1 5. The slurry of Claim 1, wherein the chelating buffer system comprises
- 2 ammonium bicitrate and potassium citrate dissolved in the mixture.
- 1 6. The slurry of Claim 1, wherein the chelating buffer system is selected from
- the group consisting of citric acid/potassium citrate, and ammonium
- 3 bicitrate/potassium citrate.
- 1 7. The slurry of Claim 1, wherein the corrosion inhibitor is selected from the
- 2 group consisting of benzotriazole and cetyltrimethylammonium bromide.

- 1 8. The slurry of Claim 1, wherein the surfactant comprises between 0.003M
- 2 and 0.075 M cetyltrimethylammonium bromide in the mixture.
- 9. The slurry of Claim 1, wherein the surfactant comprises cetyltrimethylammonium hydroxide dissolved in the mixture.
- 1 10. The slurry of Claim 1, wherein the surfactant comprises both
- 2 cetyltrimethylammonium hydroxide and cetyltrimethylammonium bromide
- 3 dissolved in the mixture.
 - 11. A copper polish slurry, comprising in combination:

water, a surfactant, a chelating buffer system, an abrasive, a oxidizer, and

- 3 a corrosion inhibitor.
 - 12. The method of Claim 11, wherein the abrasive comprises silica having a surface area 500 m²/g.
- 1 13. The method of Claim 12, wherein the corrosion inhibitor is selected from
- the group consisting of benzotriazole and cetyltrimethylammonium bromide.
- 1 14. The method of Claim 11, wherein the corrosion inhibitor is benzotriazole
- 2 and the surfactant is selected from the group consisting of
- 3 cetyltrimethylammoni\u00e4m bromide and cetyltrimethylammonium hydroxide.

- 1 15. The method of Claim 14, wherein the slurry has a pH of 3.8 and a density
- 2 of 1.03 g/ml.
- 1 16. The method of Claim 15, wherein the oxidizer comprises hydrogen
- 2 peroxide; and the chelating buffer system comprises citric acid and potassium
- 3 citrate.
- 1 17. A method of making a slurry for the chemical mechanical polishing of copper and copper diffusion barriers, comprising:

combining a surfactant; a chelating buffer system; an abrasive; an oxidizer; and a corrosion inhibitor

- 1 18. The method of Claim 17, wherein the surfactant comprises
- 2 cetyltrimethylammonium bromide and cetyltrimethylammonium hydroxide.
- 1 19. The method of Claim 17, wherein the surfactant comprises a quaternary
- 2 ammonium halide.
- 1 20. The method of Claim 17, wherein the surfactant comprises a dimethyl
- 2 silicone ethylene oxide.
- 1 21. The method of Claim 17, wherein the surfactant comprises an alkyl
- 2 polyethylene oxide.

- 1 22. The method of Claim 17, wherein the surfactant comprises a material
- 2 characterized by an ability to substantially prevent abrasive particles in the slurry
- 3 from removing a oxide dielectric while allowing the removal of copper and
- 4 tantalum-based copper diffusion barriers.
- 1 23. The method of Claim 22, wherein, the oxide dielectric is doped so as to
- 2 have a dielectric constant less than that of silicon dioxide.
- 1 24. The method of Claim 18, wherein, the oxide dielectric is doped with
- 2 fluorine.
- 1 25. A method of polishing copper, comprising:
- bringing a substrate coated on at least one surface with copper, into
- 3 contact with a polishing pad; and
- dispensing onto the polishing pad, a slurry formed from a combination of
- 5 an abrasive, an oxidizer, and a surfactant.
- 1 26. The method of Claim 25, wherein the surfactant is selected from the group
- 2 consisting of quaternary ammonium halide, dimethyl silicone ethylene oxide, and
- 3 alkyl polyethylene oxide.
- 1 27. The method of Claim 25, wherein the surfactant comprises
- 2 cetyltrimethylammonium bromide.

- 1 28. The method of Claim 25, wherein the surfactant is characterized by an
- 2 ability to substantially prevent abrasive particles in the slurry from removing a
- 3 oxide dielectric while allowing the removal of copper and tantalum-based copper
- 4 diffusion barriers.

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- 29. The method of Claim 27, wherein a concentration of cetyltrimethylammonium bromide in the slurry is in the range of 0.003M to
- 3 0.075M.
- 1 30. The method of Claim 25, wherein the surfactant comprises
- 2 cetyltrimethylammonium hydroxide.